

Key Learning in Languages: Years 5 and 6

Listening	Speaking	Reading	Writing	Grammar
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow a short familiar text listening and reading at the same time. ▪ Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences; join in to show understanding. ▪ Listen for gist. ▪ Understand longer and more complex phrases / sentences. ▪ Pick out main details from a story, poem, song, conversation or passage. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Speak with increasing fluency. ▪ Prepare and practise a simple conversation using familiar vocabulary and structures in new contexts. ▪ Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic. ▪ Understand and express simple opinions. ▪ Initiate and sustain conversations and tell stories. ▪ Speak in sentences using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. ▪ Perform to an audience speaking clearly and audibly with accurate pronunciation and intonation. ▪ Speak with increasing spontaneity. ▪ Use repair strategies to keep a conversation going. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. ▪ Re-read frequently a variety of short texts. ▪ Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage. ▪ Identify different text types and read short, authentic texts for enjoyment or information. ▪ Match sound to sentences and paragraphs. ▪ Broaden vocabulary. ▪ Develop strategies for understanding new words in familiar material including using a dictionary. ▪ Apply phonic knowledge of the foreign language in order to decode text. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Write phrases from memory and adapt these to make new sentences. ▪ Express ideas clearly. ▪ to write words, short phrases and short sentences, using a reference. ▪ Be able to write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences. ▪ Write sentences on a range of topics using a model. ▪ Write in sentences using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures with increasing accuracy. 	<p>All above and:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Personal pronouns. ▪ I , you, he, she, it, we, they. ▪ Develop an awareness of verb patterns. ▪ Conjugate regular high frequency verbs. ▪ Conjugate some basic high frequency irregular verbs. ▪ Begin to use adjectival agreements with accuracy. ▪ Use of prepositions. ▪ À + definite article. ▪ De + definite article. ▪ Prepositions. ▪ Use a range of adverbs to make messages more interesting. ▪ Apply correct verb endings to write accurately. ▪ Verbal phrases – talk about yesterday or tomorrow in a simple way eg il y avait, había, eg gab.